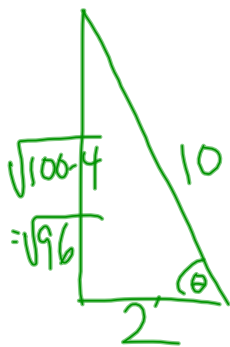
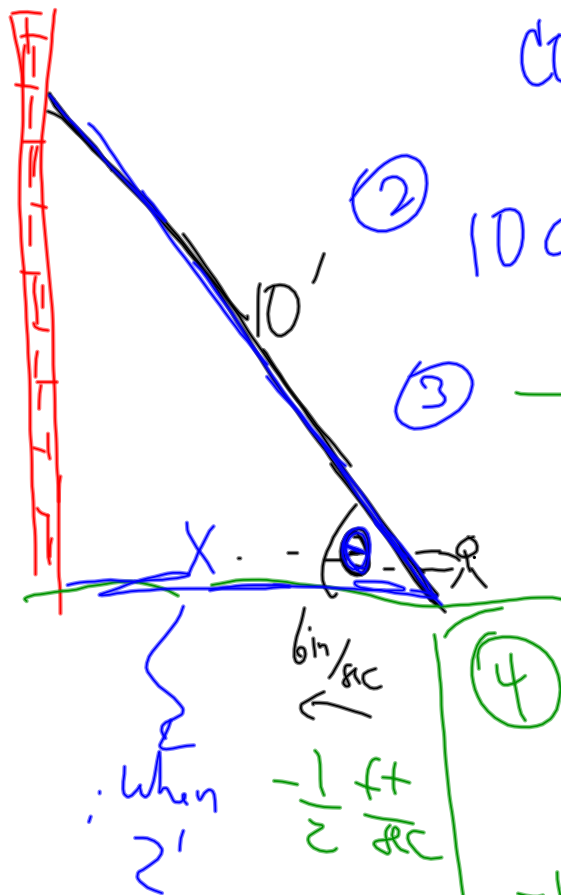


94	60	49
90	58	48
88	56	47
83	55	43
81	52	42
79	51	42
78	50	40
70	50	39
70	49	37
		37
		37
		35
		31
		29

3.7/18



$$\sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{96}}{10}$$



$$\cos \theta = \frac{x}{10}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad 10 \cos \theta = x$$

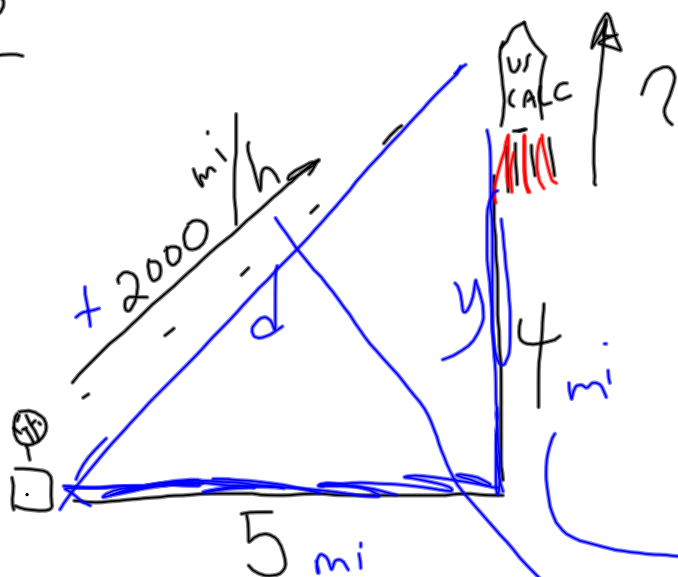
$$\textcircled{3} \quad -10 \sin \theta \frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{dx}{dt}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad -10 \sin \theta \frac{d\theta}{dt} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$-10 \left(\frac{\sqrt{96}}{10} \right) \frac{d\theta}{dt} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{d\theta}{dt} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{96}} \text{ radians/sec}$$

3.7/20



② $d^2 = y^2 + 25$

③ $2d \frac{dd}{dt} = 2y \frac{dy}{dt}$ or $\frac{dd}{dt} = y \frac{dy}{dt}$



④ $\sqrt{41} (2000) = 4 \left(\frac{dy}{dt} \right)$

$500\sqrt{41} \frac{\text{mi}}{\text{h}} = \frac{dy}{dt}$

5.4/11 $s(t) = -t^3 - 6t^2, t \geq 0$

a) $\begin{cases} v(t) = s'(t) = 3t^2 - 12t \\ a(t) = v'(t) = s''(t) = 6t - 12 \end{cases}$

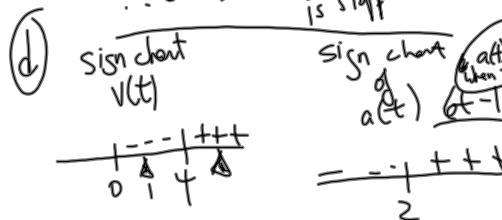
b) $s(1) = 1^3 - 6(1)^2 = -5 \text{ ft}$
 $v(1) = 3(1)^2 - 12(1) = -9 \text{ ft/sec}$
 $\text{speed}(1) = |v(1)| = +9 \text{ ft/sec}$
 $a(1) = 6(1) - 12 = -6 \text{ ft/sec}^2$

c) $v(t) = 0$ indicates particle stopped

$$3t^2 - 12t = 0$$

$$3t(t - 4) = 0$$

$\therefore t = 0, 4$ is when the thing is stopped



$0 \rightarrow 2 \quad v < 0$
 $a < 0$

speeding up:

$(0, 2) \cup (4, \infty)$

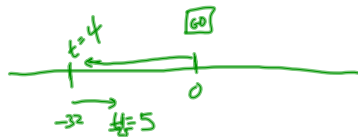
$2 \rightarrow 4 \quad v < 0$
 $a > 0$

slowing down:

$(2, 4)$

$4 \text{ on } v > 0 \quad a > 0$

e) how far did I go $0 \rightarrow 5 \text{ sec}$



$$s(0) = 0$$

$$s(4) = 4^3 - 6(4^2) = 4^2(4 - 6) = -32$$

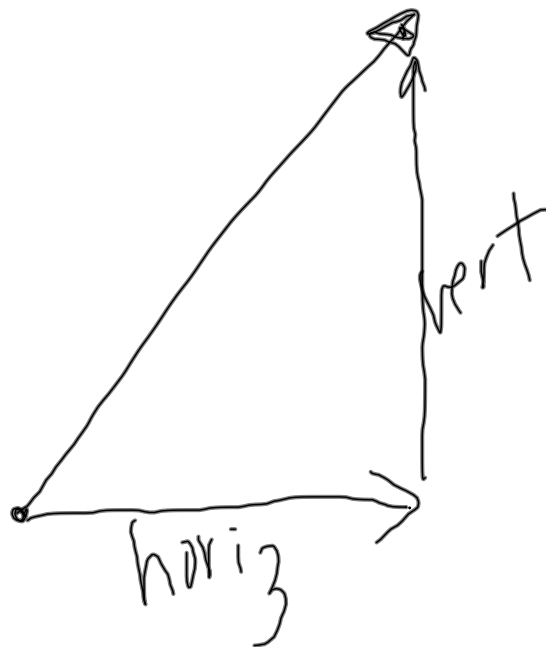
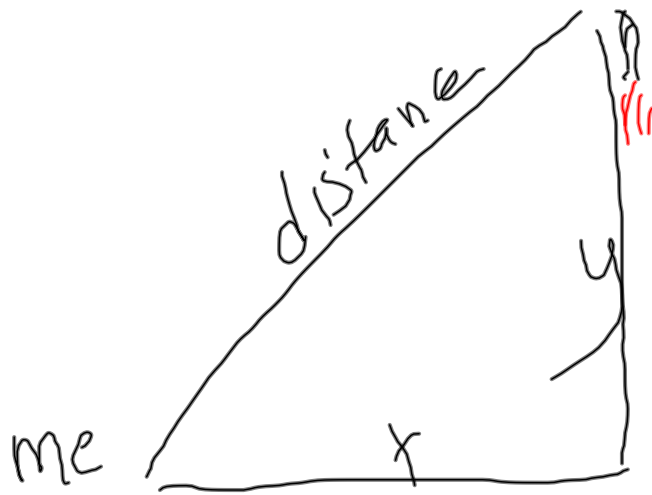
distance travelled = 32 ft

$$s(5) = 5^3 - 6(5^2) = 5^2(5 - 6) = -25$$

distance travelled $4 \rightarrow 5 \text{ sec} = |-32 - (-25)|$

7 ft

total distance
 $32 + 7 =$



distance travelled is LONG

displacement might not be.

future learning

$\int_a^b f(x) dx$ gives us a way to add up an infinite # of function pts.

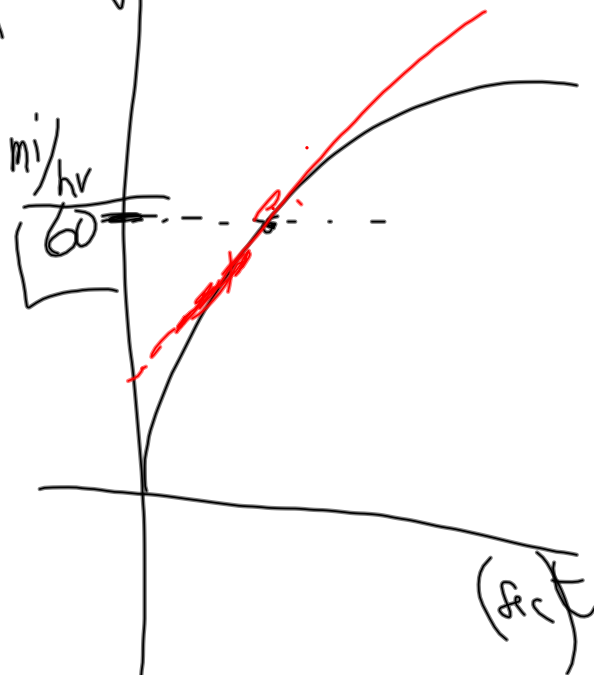
$$\begin{array}{l} \text{total change} \\ \text{from } a \text{ to } b \end{array} = \int_a^b f'(x) dx$$

$$\text{distance} = \int_a^b |f'(x)| dx$$

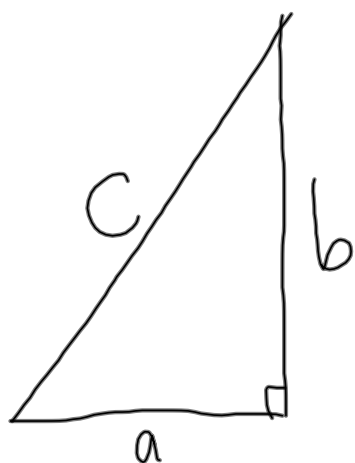
$$\text{displacement} = \int_a^b f'(x) dx$$

HW) 5.5/1, 3, 8, 14, 18, 19
5.4/25-27
read 5.6

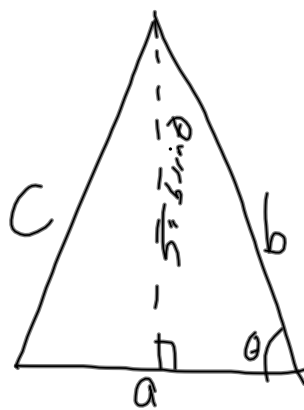
5.4/9 $v(x)$



$$\boxed{\frac{\text{mi}}{\text{hr}} \cdot \frac{1 \text{ hr}}{3600 \text{ sec}} \cdot \frac{5280 \text{ ft}}{1 \text{ mi}}}$$



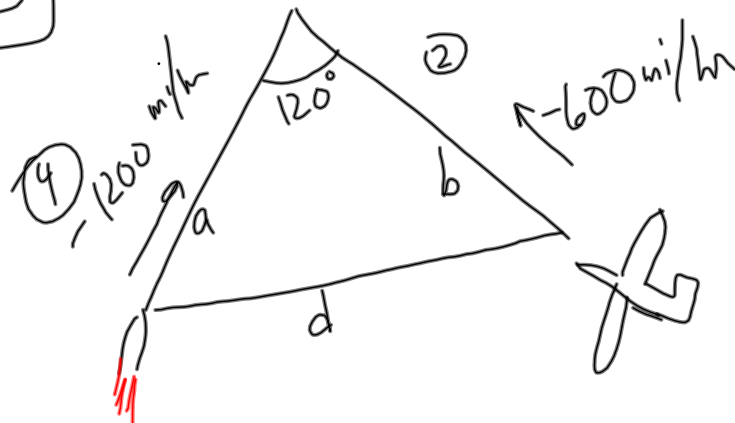
$$c^2 = a^2 + b^2$$



$$\frac{h}{b} = \sin \theta$$

$$h = b \sin \theta$$

37/35



$$d^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos \theta$$

$$d^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab \cos(120^\circ)$$

$$d^2 = 4^2 + 2^2 - 2(4)(2)\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

$$d^2 = 20 + 8\sqrt{3} = 28$$

$$d^2 = a^2 + b^2 - 2ab\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

$$d^2 = a^2 + b^2 + ab\sqrt{3}$$

$$d = \sqrt{28}$$

$$= 2\sqrt{7}$$

$$2d \frac{dd}{dt} = 2a \frac{da}{dt} + 2b \frac{db}{dt} + \sqrt{3} \left(\frac{da}{dt} b + a \frac{db}{dt} \right)$$

$$2d \left(\frac{dd}{dt} \right) = 2(4)(-1200) + 2(2)(-600)$$

$$2(2\sqrt{7}) \frac{dd}{dt} = -9600 - 2400 - 4800$$

$$= -16800$$

$$\frac{dd}{dt} = \frac{-4200}{\sqrt{7}} = -600\sqrt{7}$$

